Colorado Greenhouse Gas Inventory

Data to 2015, Report released 2019

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Overview

- Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Background
- Colorado GHG Inventory Background
- Colorado Inventory Results



Common Greenhouse Gases

- Carbon Dioxide (CO₂):
 - Source: living organisms, burning of fossil fuels, industrial processes
- Methane (CH₄):
 - Source: coal formations, oil and gas development, landfills, livestock digestive processes, decomposing waste
- Nitrous Oxide (N₂O):
 - Source: fuel burning, fertilizer manufacturing



Common Greenhouse Gases

- Fluorinated Gases:
 - Includes: ozone depleting substances (ODS), hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride, and nitrogen trifluoride
 - Source: refrigeration, industrial processes

https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/overview-greenhouse-gases



Global Warming Potential (GWP)

- Compares the climate change impact of different gases
- A factor that reflects how long a specific gas is likely to remain in the atmosphere and how strongly it absorbs energy
- CO₂ is the standard reference with a GWP of 1; potential of other gases calculated relative to CO₂ and expressed as CO₂ equivalent (CO₂e)
- Standard values taken from International Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) periodic Assessment Reports

https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/understanding-global-warming-potentials



IPCC Fourth Assessment Report GWP and Time Horizons

Gas	20-yr	100-yr*	500-yr
CH ₄	72	25	7.6
N ₂ O	289	298	153
Fluorinated compounds**	17 to 16,300	5 to 22,800	1 to 32,600

^{*}EPA reporting programs require 4th AR, 100-yr time horizon GWP factors, referenced in 40 CFR 98.2(b)(4), Table A-1



^{**}Warming potential range depends on specific compound

Reporting CO₂e Emissions

GHG	Х	GWP	=	CO₂e
1 MT CO ₂	X	1	=	1 MT CO₂e
1 MT CH ₄	X	25	=	25 MT CO ₂ e
1 MT N ₂ O	X	298	=	298 MT CO ₂ e
1 MT HFC-23	X	14,800	=	14,800 MT CO ₂ e
1 MT PFC-14	X	7,390	=	7,390 MT CO₂e
1 MT SF ₆	X	22,800	=	22,800 MT CO ₂ e

GHG emissions usually expressed in metric tons (MT) or million metric tons (MMT)

Note: APCD tracks most emissions in short tons



GHG Emissions Reporting

There are multiple EPA reporting programs, as well as reports issued by other entities, and emissions numbers are rarely consistent between reports. Reasons for differences include:

- Reporting criteria thresholds, specific industry or activity
- Activity Data different accounting methods, grouping
- Calculation methods different emission factors, emission factor vs. monitoring data, scaling or apportionment
- Units of measure short tons vs. metric tons



Colorado GHG Inventory Background



Colorado GHG Inventory History

- Several inventories completed since 1990
- Recent inventories have been updated on a 5-year schedule
- 2014 revision used the EPA State Inventory Tool (SIT) with data through 2010 and projections to 2030
- 2019 revision uses the EPA SIT with data through 2015 and projections to 2030
- Future inventories will incorporate new directives



Reported GHG Emissions

- Snapshot in time
- Uses aggregate statewide data, cannot extract county-level results
- Estimated using the EPA State Inventory Tool (SIT)
- Emission factors based on IPCC and EPA guidance
- Activity data from national databases
 - Some state-specific
 - Some national, apportioned to states



EPA State Inventory Tool Strengths

- Consistency between states and over time
- Spreadsheet-based, modular format
- Calculation methods follow IPCC guidance
- Incorporates periodic updates to methodology and data
- Estimates from 1990 baseline to most recent data year
- Provides default activity data and emission factors
- Projects future emissions to 2030



EPA State Inventory Tool Limitations

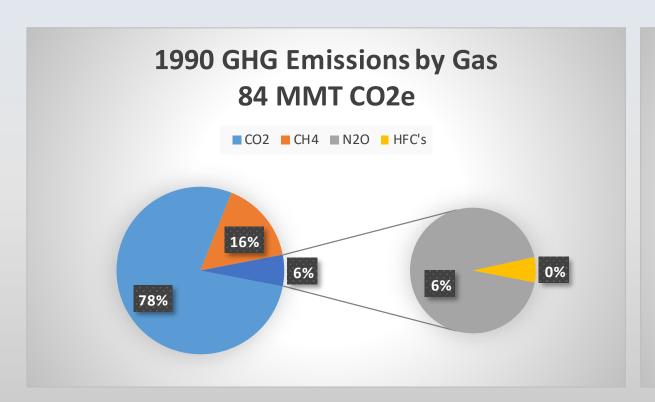
- Default data from national sources
 - Data lag of 3-5 years
 - Not all data is state-specific
 - Data may be incomplete
- Projections use different methodology than historic
 - Future activity or emissions estimated at a national level then apportioned to states based on population or historic activity
- Some model calculations and data are not accessible
- Limited ability to assess policy impacts

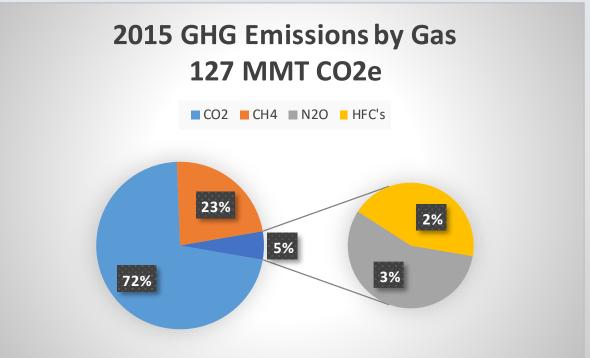


Colorado Inventory Estimates

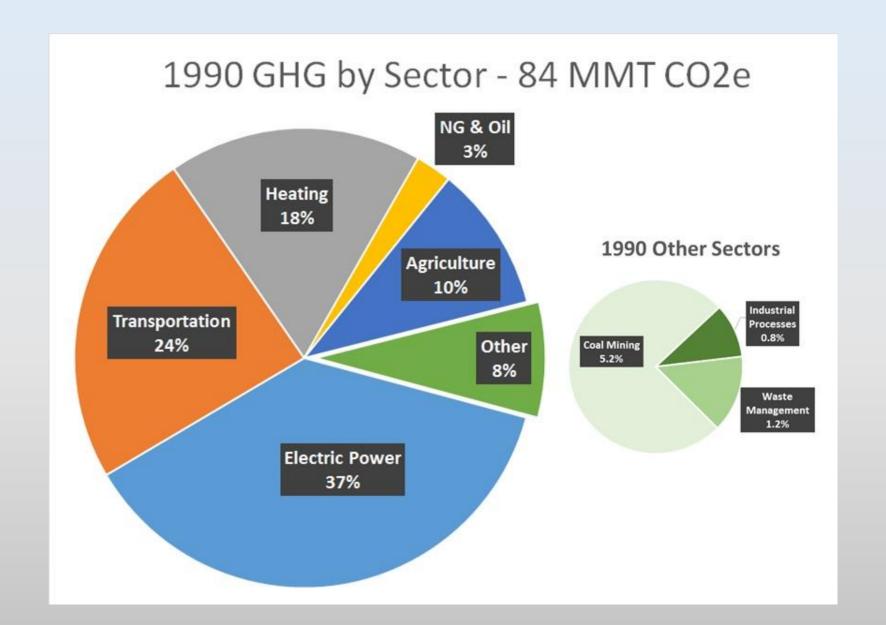


Colorado GHG Emissions by Gas: 1990, 2015

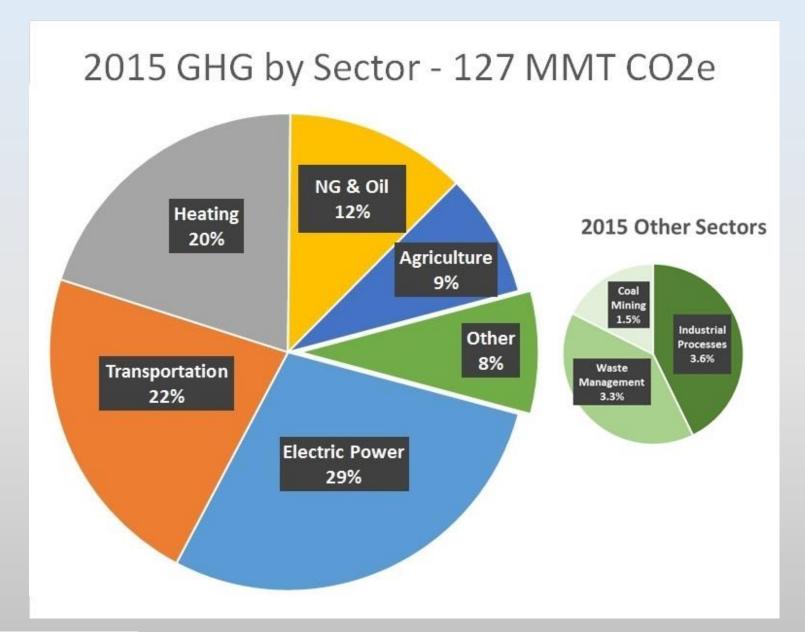














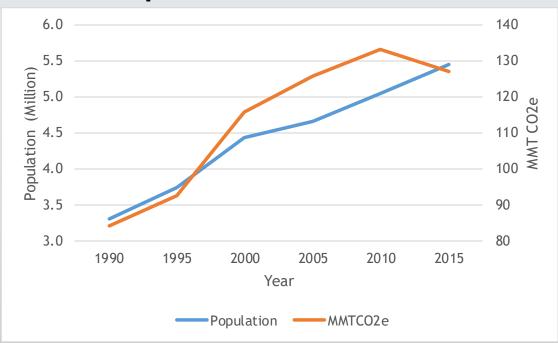
Colorado GHG Emissions by Sector with Projections to 2030

Emissions by Sector (MMT CO ₂ e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030
Electric Power	31.4	32.7	38.8	40.3	39.5	36.3	31.0	25.4	25.5
Transportation	20.1	23.7	27.0	30.8	29.8	28.2	31.4	30.8	30.0
Heating	15.0	17.9	20.0	24.6	26.2	25.7	24.8	25.7	26.1
Natural Gas and Oil	2.2	2.5	6.5	8.1	12.0	15.6	6.8	7.5	7.4
Agriculture	8.6	9.3	13.4	9.6	10.1	10.7	10.4	9.4	9.1
Coal Mining	5.2	3.8	5.5	6.8	8.1	1.9	6.0	6.1	6.6
Industrial Processes	0.7	1.4	3.0	3.2	3.7	4.5	3.0	3.6	3.9
Waste Management	1.0	1.1	1.5	2.4	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.4	6.1
Grand Total	84.1	92.4	115.8	125.7	133.0	127.0	118.2	114.1	114.7

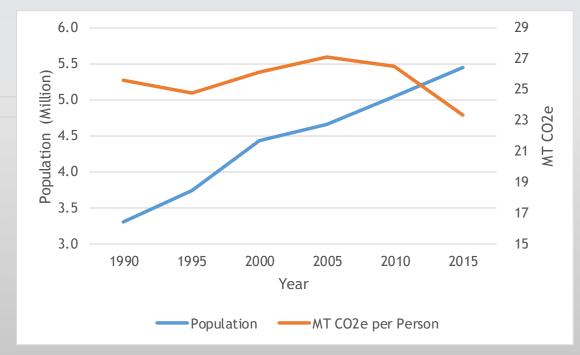


State Population and GHG Emissions

Population and Emissions



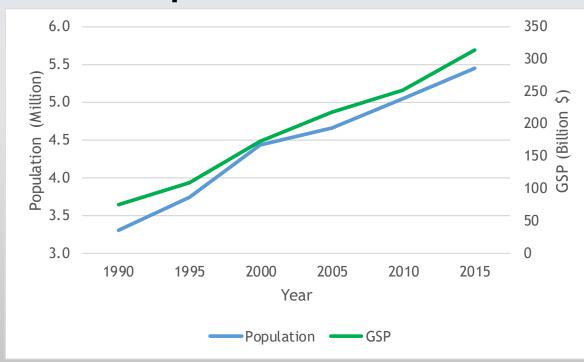
Population and per Capita Emissions



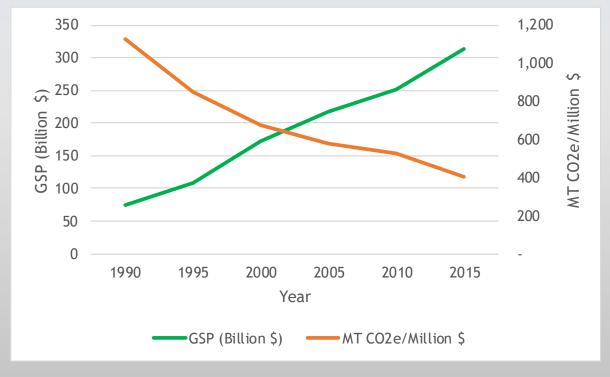


Gross State Product and GHG Emissions

Population and GSP



Emissions Relative to GSP





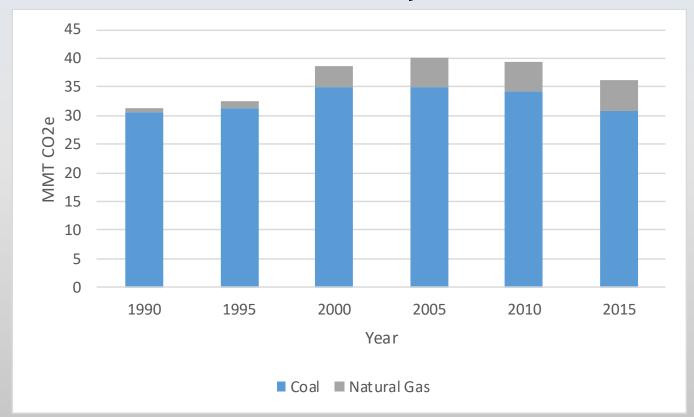
Fuel Combustion for Electric Generation

Emissions (MMTCO2e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
Coal CO ₂	30.538	31.209	35.012	35.003	34.289	30.841
Petroleum CO ₂	0.022	0.016	0.085	0.019	0.016	0.006
Natural Gas CO ₂	0.713	1.278	3.544	5.086	5.051	5.274
Subtotal CO ₂ Emissions	31.272	32.502	38.641	40.108	39.356	36.121
N ₂ O	0.144	0.147	0.170	0.171	0.168	0.151
CH₄	0.008	0.009	0.011	0.012	0.012	0.011
Subtotal CO ₂ e Emission	0.152	0.156	0.182	0.183	0.179	0.162
Total CO ₂ e Emissions	31.425	32.659	38.823	40.291	39.535	36.283



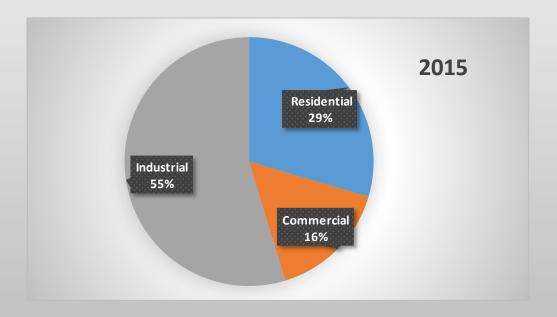
Electric Generation

MMT CO2e by Fuel



Fossil Fuels Burned for Heating

Emissions (MMTCO2e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
Residential	5.416	6.236	6.978	7.696	7.943	7.593
Commercial	4.008	4.061	3.822	4.115	4.269	4.045
Industrial	5.610	7.599	9.229	12.833	13.978	14.055
Total CO2e Emissions	15.034	17.896	20.028	24.643	26.190	25.692





Transportation

Emissions (MMTCO2e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015		
Direct CO ₂ Emissions by Fuel Type								
Petroleum	18.669	21.813	25.195	29.099	28.482	27.314		
Natural Gas	0.486	0.617	0.519	0.734	0.774	0.521		
Subtotal CO ₂ Emissions	19.154	22.430	25.714	29.834	29.256	27.835		
CH4 and N2O Emissions (MMT CO2	e)							
Gasoline Highway Emissions	0.890	1.224	1.228	0.863	0.415	0.236		
Diesel Highway Emissions	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.010	0.006		
Non-Highway Emissions	0.046	0.058	0.059	0.076	0.075	0.081		
Alternative Fuel Vehicle Emissions	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.010		
TOTAL CO ₂ e EMISSIONS	20.097	23.723	27.015	30.787	29.764	28.168		

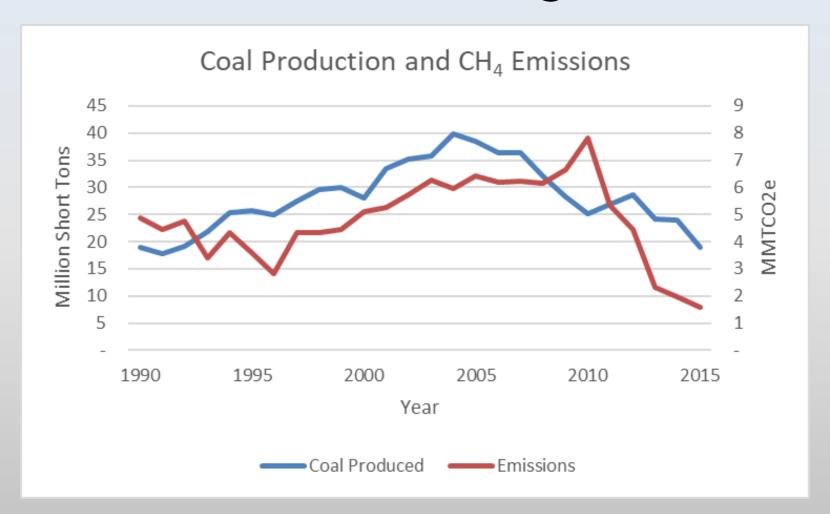


Industrial Processes

Emissions (MMTCO ₂ e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
Carbon Dioxide						
Cement Manufacture	0.317	0.476	0.554	0.623	0.559	0.769
Lime Manufacture	0.000	0.100	0.095	0.295	0.276	0.365
Limestone and Dolomite Use	0.000	0.018	0.028	0.031	0.005	0.010
Soda Ash	0.036	0.038	0.041	0.041	0.036	0.035
Iron & Steel Production	0.000	0.000	0.750	0.340	0.305	0.305
Urea Consumption	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.004	0.004	0.007
Subtotal CO2 Emissions	0.356	0.635	1.470	1.334	1.185	1.490
HFC, PFC, and SF6 Emissions						
ODS Substitutes	0.004	0.440	1.184	1.574	2.305	2.861
Semiconductor Manufacturing	0.064	0.112	0.142	0.137	0.102	0.097
Electric Power Transmission and						
Distribution Systems	0.262	0.218	0.159	0.109	0.083	0.060
Subtotal CO2e Emissions	0.330	0.770	1.485	1.820	2.490	3.018
TOTAL CO2e EMISSIONS	0.687	1.405	2.955	3.154	3.675	4.508

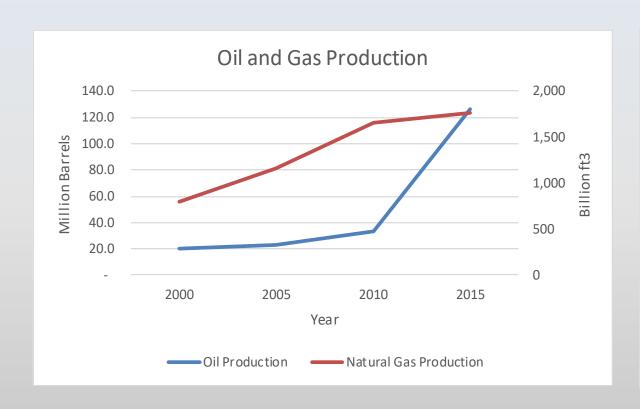


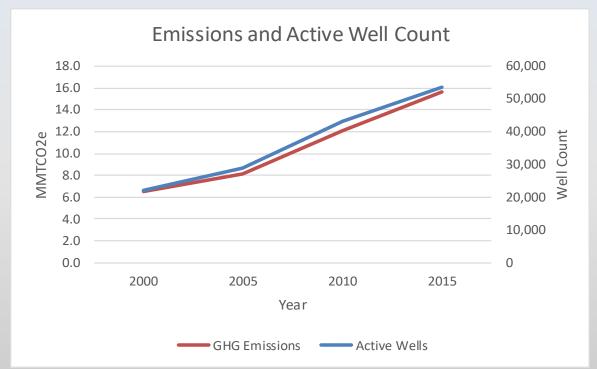
Coal Mining





Natural Gas and Oil Production







Agriculture

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
Emissions by Category						
Enteric Fermentation	4.566	5.101	7.698	5.314	5.957	6.187
Manure Management	0.971	1.169	1.968	1.497	1.623	1.843
Agricultural Soil Management	3.085	3.036	3.746	2.768	2.482	2.625
Agricultural Residue Burning	0.005	0.006	0.004	0.003	0.006	0.005
TOTAL EMISSIONS (MMTCO₂e)	8.627	9.313	13.416	9.582	10.069	10.660
Emissions by Gas (MMTCO ₂ e)						
CH₄						
Enteric Fermentation	4.566	5.101	7.698	5.314	5.957	6.187
Manure Management	0.447	0.600	1.281	0.895	1.038	1.202
Agricultural Residue Burning	0.004	0.005	0.003	0.003	0.005	0.004
Subtotal CH₄	5.017	5.705	8.983	6.211	6.999	7.392
N ₂ O						
Manure Management	0.524	0.570	0.687	0.602	0.586	0.642
Agricultural Soil Management	3.085	3.036	3.746	2.768	2.482	2.625
Agricultural Residue Burning	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Subtotal N₂O	3.610	3.607	4.433	3.370	3.069	3.267



Waste Management

Emissions (MMTCO ₂ e)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015		
CH4 Emissions from Landfills	0.566	0.657	0.994	1.797	2.964	3.519		
CH_4 and N_2O Emissions from Wastewater (MMTCO $_2$ e)								
Municipal CH₄	0.265	0.299	0.347	0.373	0.404	0.436		
Municipal N₂O	0.097	0.112	0.133	0.142	0.150	0.167		
Industrial CH ₄	0.048	0.061	0.065	0.053	0.065	0.065		
Total Emissions from Wastewater	0.409	0.473	0.544	0.568	0.619	0.668		
Total Waste Management	0.976	1.129	1.538	2.366	3.583	4.186		



Future Inventories

In accordance with Senate Bill 19-096, the Air Pollution Control Division will engage in ongoing initiatives to improve the quality and usefulness of the greenhouse gas inventory.



GHG Emission Reductions

- Emission reduction efforts have largely been focused on control strategies for traditional regulated sources
- GHG emissions are impacted by the decisions and actions of millions of individuals in their daily lives, presenting significant challenges to emission reduction



Questions?

Sign up to receive email notifications:

https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/air-mailing-lists

